

ತರಗತಿ :10

ವಿಷಯ :ಸಮಾಜ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ / Social
Science

ವಿಧ :

ದಿನಾಂಕ :05/12/2012

ಅಂಕಗಳು/Max Marks:100

1. ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ./ Choose right answers.

15X1

1) [Q_ID:210]. The privy purse was granted to Indian princes :

- a) to bring equality among all Indians b) to maintain their special privileges and status
c) to merge all the princely states of India d) to partition India and Pakistan.

2) [Q_ID:633]. The purpose of Cultural Revolution launched in China in 1966 was :

- a) to drive away Japanese from Manchuria b) to end the power of Manchu. c) to
destroy Bhuddhist temples and kill the Religious Believers. d) to establish Democracy.

3) [Q_ID:859]. The postal system was introduced in India by :

- a) Lord Dalhousie. b) Lord Cornwallis. c) Lord Macaulay. d) Warren Hastings.

4) [Q_ID:865]. The person who condemned first the practice of slavery was :

- a) Martin Luther b) Nelson Mandela c) Gandhiji d) Abraham Lincoln

5) [Q_ID:866]. The highest peak in India is :

- a) Mt. Everest b) Nanga Parbat c) Kanchana Ganga d) Mt. K2

6) [Q_ID:1273]. The English officer who introduced the Zamindari System was . :

- a) Robert Clive b) Warren Hastings c) Macaulay d) Corn Wallis

7) [Q_ID:1274]. National School in Mangalore was started by_ . :

- a) Alur Ventaka Rao b) Karnad Sadashiva Rao c) Devalgaonkar d) Pandith Taranath

8) [Q_ID:1275]. The First Chief Minister of Karnataka was . :

- a) Devaraj Aras b) S.Nijalingappa c) K.C.Reddy d) K.T.Bhashyam

9) [Q_ID:1285]. Preparation of soap is an example of this industry_ . :

- a) Small scale industry b) Cottage industry c) Large scale industry d) Domestic
industry

10) [Q_ID:2159]. Who was responsible for planning to construct all season trunk roads in India ? :

- a) Dalhousie b) Munroe c) William Bentinck d) Curzon

11) [Q_ID:2162]. Where did the murder of the Austrian Crown prince take place ? :

- a) Constantinople b) Sarajevo c) Paris d) Florence.

12) [Q_ID:2174]. Which policy did the Nizam of Hyderabad accept at first ? :

- a) Recruitment policy b) Free Trade policy c) Policy of Subsidiary Alliance d) Policy of Doctrine of Lapse.

13) [Q_ID:2181]. Which organisation was established to restore permanent peace after the World War-I ? :

- a) Red Cross Society b) Amnesty International c) The League of Nations d) United Nations Organisation.

14) [Q_ID:2183]. 'Cold War' means :

- a) aggressive nationalism b) the race of armament c) secret alliances d) ideological differences between two power blocs.

15) [Q_ID:2203]. Annie Besant established the 'Central Hindu College' to achieve the goal of :

- a) reviving the Hindu Culture b) developing the spirit of Equality c) developing the feeling of Brotherhood d) making co-existence.

2. ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಸ್ಥಳ ತುಂಬಿಸು./ Fill in the blanks.

5X1

16) [Q_ID:225]. The Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes Commission was set up in the year

17) [Q_ID:227]. The last Peshwa was

18) [Q_ID:646]. National Forest Policy was formed in the year

19) [Q_ID:822]. The new major modern sea port near Mumbai is --

20) [Q_ID:1534]. The national highway was constructed from Peshawar to Delhi by --

3. ಜೋಡಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ./ Match the following.

1X5

21) [Q_ID:872].

(A)	(B)
a) Dupleix	1) 1986
b) Gorbachev	2) America
c) Consumer Protection Act	3) Governor general
d) Highest temperature	4) Russia

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e) Devaluation of Rupee	5) Royli
f)	6) 1991
g)	7) Ganga Nagara
h)	8) Field Marshal

4. ಒಂದು ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in one sentence.

9X1

22) [Q_ID:230]. Which was the Capital of Portuguese possessions in India ?

23) [Q_ID:825]. Name the countries which formed the Triple Alliance.

24) [Q_ID:827]. Where is the Head Quarter of U.N.O?

25) [Q_ID:828]. What do you mean by Human Rights?

26) [Q_ID:830]. What do you mean by Transport and Communication?

27) [Q_ID:831]. What is Five Year Plan? When was it launched in India?

28) [Q_ID:1294]. What are the methods adopted for Excess profiteering?

29) [Q_ID:1535]. Who was the last Peshwa?

30) [Q_ID:1537]. Mention the two countries conquered by Mussolini before Second World War.

5. ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in two sentences.

16X2

31) [Q_ID:238]. Why did the British attack Tipu in 1799 AD ?

32) [Q_ID:239]. What are the achievements of Dewan Rangacharlu ?

33) [Q_ID:248]. Why was not India ready to sign the Nuclear non-proliferation treaty ?

34) [Q_ID:251]. What are the advantages of pipeline transport ?

35) [Q_ID:252]. Why are cottage industries best suitable for rural areas ?

36) [Q_ID:664]. What are the measures taken to check smuggling in India?

37) [Q_ID:671]. How do you say that consumption of cement is the index of Nation's development.

38) [Q_ID:832]. Why did the British attack on the king of Tanjavur?

39) [Q_ID:847]. What is the Balance of Trade?

40) [Q_ID:901]. What are the steps taken by the government to provide marketing help to Small Scale Industries?

41) [Q_ID:1313]. What is the importance of the Border Road Development Authority? What is its

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greatest achievement?

42) [Q_ID:1544]. Write the achievements of Doddadevaraj.

43) [Q_ID:1549]. Which were the Triple Entente nations?

44) [Q_ID:2215]. Which two conditions of Srirangapattana's treaty faded the future of Tipu Sultan ?

45) [Q_ID:2216]. Mention any four rights enlisted by the UNO for children's sake

46) [Q_ID:2219]. Mention any two developmental works of Sir M. Vishweswaraiiah.

6. ಮೂರು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in three sentences.

6X3

47) [Q_ID:674]. Why couldn't the French establish an empire in India?

48) [Q_ID:677]. How can Soil Erosion be controlled?

49) [Q_ID:1316]. Mention the cause for Plassey War.

50) [Q_ID:1317]. Enumerate the causes for the failure of the Uprising of 1857.

51) [Q_ID:1320]. How are the multipurpose river valley projects useful?

52) [Q_ID:1564]. What is soil erosion? Give reasons.

7. ಎಂಟು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in eight sentences.

3X4

53) [Q_ID:261]. "Relationship between India and Pakistan has not improved since Independence." Why ?

54) [Q_ID:682]. "UNO has successfully prevented large scale wars in many situations". Substantiate

55) [Q_ID:2226]. Why is India backward in agriculture ?

8. ಭಾರತದ ಭೂಪಟ ಬರೆದು ಕೇಳಿದ್ದನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ./ Draw map of India and identify places.

1X4

56) [Q_ID:912]. Draw map of India and locate a) $23\frac{1}{2}$ N.L. b) River Kaveri c) Utkal coastal belt

****End of Question Paper****

1. ಸರಿಯಾದ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ./ Choose right answers.

15X1

- 1) [Q_ID:210]. (c) to merge all the princely states of India
- 2) [Q_ID:633]. (c) to destroy Bhuddhist temples and kill the Religious Believers.
- 3) [Q_ID:859]. (a) Lord Dalhousie.
- 4) [Q_ID:865]. (d) Abraham Lincoln
- 5) [Q_ID:866]. (d) Mt. K2
- 6) [Q_ID:1273]. (d) Corn Wallis
- 7) [Q_ID:1274]. (b) Karnad Sadashiva Rao
- 8) [Q_ID:1275]. (c) K.C.Reddy
- 9) [Q_ID:1285]. (a) Small scale industry
- 10) [Q_ID:2159]. (c) William Bentinck
- 11) [Q_ID:2162]. (b) Sarajevo
- 12) [Q_ID:2174]. (c) Policy of Subsidiary Alliance
- 13) [Q_ID:2181]. (c) The League of Nations
- 14) [Q_ID:2183]. (d) ideological differences between two power blocs.
- 15) [Q_ID:2203]. (a) reviving the Hindu Culture

2. ಬಿಟ್ಟ ಸ್ಥಳ ತುಂಬಿಸು./ Fill in the blanks.

5X1

- 16) [Q_ID:225]. 1978
- 17) [Q_ID:227]. Baji Rao 11
- 18) [Q_ID:646]. 1952
- 19) [Q_ID:822]. Navasheva
- 20) [Q_ID:1534]. Sher Shah

3. ಜೋಡಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ./ Match the following.

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- 21) [Q_ID:872].

(A)	(B)
a) Dupleix	3) Governor general

b) Gorbachev	4) Russia
c) Consumer Protection Act	1) 1986
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e) Devaluation of Rupee	6) 1991

4. ಒಂದು ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in one sentence.

9X1

22) [Q_ID:230]. Goa

23) [Q_ID:825]. Germany formed a Triple Alliance with Austria and Italy.

24) [Q_ID:827]. The Head Quarter of U.N.O. is at New York.

25) [Q_ID:828]. The rights which are essential for an individual's existence and development and also which should be enjoyed without any distinction of race, religion and gender are called Human Rights.

26) [Q_ID:830]. Transport means movement of goods and people from one place to the other. Communication means conveying the messages or news from one place to the other.

27) [Q_ID:831]. With some specific objectives and priorities the Government invests money in public and private sectors within a period of five years. It is called Five Year Plan and it was launched in 1951.

28) [Q_ID:1294]. The methods adopted for Excess Profiteering are adulteration, charging excess or abnormal rates, conceit in weights and measures, creating artificial scarcity etc..

29) [Q_ID:1535]. Baji Rao II was the last Peshwa.

30) [Q_ID:1537]. The two countries conquered by Mussolini before Second World War were Abyssinia and Albania.

5. ಎರಡು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in two sentences.

16X2

31) [Q_ID:238]. He fortified his capital

- Continued negotiations with Persia, Turkey
- Trained his army from French
- Opposed Subsidiary Alliance. (Any two points)

32) [Q_ID:239]. - Mysore Representative Assembly was started.

- Inaugurated Bangalore-Mysore Railway line.

33) [Q_ID:248]. - Her own security risks

- It does not restrict the use of nuclear weapons on those countries which have the knowledge
- We aim in atom for peace.

34) [Q_ID:251]. - Checks transshipment delays and avoids wastages

- Easy to transport liquid, slurry and gaseous matters

35) [Q_ID:252]. - Provides alternate jobs for rural mass

- Reduce the pressure of population on agriculture
- Opportunities to expose hidden talents
- Self-sufficiency.

36) [Q_ID:664]. COFEPOSA.Coast guards.Customs officers at air ports and sea ports

37) [Q_ID:671]. Cement essential for developmental activities like construction of buildings Dams bridges railways etc.

38) [Q_ID:832]. Shahaji, a deposed claimant to the throne of Tanjavur sought the support of the English against its ruler Pratapa Singh. In return the English were promised the city of Devikottai. The English attacked Tanjavur but failed to capture it.

39) [Q_ID:847]. The difference between the value of visible exports and value of visible imports is called Balance of Trade. If the value of visible exports is more than visible imports, it is called favorable balance of trade. If the value of visible exports is less than visible imports, it is called unfavorable balance of trade

40) [Q_ID:901]. Marketing help to small scale industries:-(any three points)

a. National Small Scale Industries Corporation has been set up by the Central Government. It markets the products and secures Government orders.

b. It organizes exhibitions to get demand for exports.

c. The Government follows a preferential treatment to help small scale industries.

1. By levying a cess on Large scale industry and utilizing it for the promotion of small scale industry.

2. Certain production have been allocated to small scale sector.

3. Small scale industries are included in priority sector for the purpose of the supply of power, raw materials and finance.

41) [Q_ID:1313]. The importance of the Border Road Development Authority is to construct and

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maintenance of border roads. The greatest achievement is constructed a road from Manali in Himachal Pradesh to Leh in Kashmir. It is the highest constructed road in the world.

42) [Q_ID:1544]. The achievements of Doddadeveraj are:

a. He succeeded in prevented the invasion of Shivappa Nayak of Keladi and added Kunigal and Chikkanayakanahalli to his Kingdom

b. He laid steps to the Chamundi hill and getting the monolithic Nandi on the Chamundi hill.

43) [Q_ID:1549]. The Triple Entente nations were England France and Russia.

44) [Q_ID:2215]. i) He surrendered half of the territory to the English.ii) He was made to huge war indemnity

45) [Q_ID:2216]. i) Right to life ii) Right lo education iii) Right to health iv) Right to obtain nutritious food v) Right to leisure vi) Right to play vii) Right to get standard of life viii) Right to protection against exploitation and negligence ix) Right to protection from abuse and immoral traffic x) Right against subjection to drugs and intoxicants

xi) Right against forced employment xii) Right against violence (any four)

46) [Q_ID:2219]. i) He started the Iron works at Bhadravati ii) Government soap factory iii) Sandal oil factory

iv) Established the Mysore Bank V) Established the Mysore University in 1916 vi) Established the Charnarajendra Technical Instiute at vii) Established Engineering College at Bangalore.viii) Established Agricultural College at Hebbal.

6. ಮೂರು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in three sentences.

6X3

47) [Q_ID:674]. French Neglected the trade. Concentrated on politics.Did not get full support from the home

Government.The English Navy was powerful.

48) [Q_ID:677]. Contour ploughing.Check bunds.Afforestation.Develop pasture lands.Scientific farming.Proper use of water.

49) [Q_ID:1316]. Causes for the Battle of Plassey:

a. The British got success in Carnatic wars which inspired them to expand their empire in India.

b. Misuse of 'Dastak' by British which lead to the financial loss to the Nawab of Bengal.

c. Autocratic rule of Siraj-ud-Daula. He dismissed many officials from their posts.

d. British gave shelter to the enemies of Siraj-Ud-Daula.

e. British fortified their trading centers in Calcutta without the permission of the Nawab.

50) [Q_ID:1317]. The causes for the failure of the 1857 uprising are as follows:

- There was no suitable leader for uprising.
- The Indian sepoy indulged in looting, which made the common people to lost faith with them.
- The Indian Sepoys did not possess the modern and improved weapons like English.
- The British efficiently used railways and telegraph to curb the revolt.
- The Sikhs, the Nizam and the ruler of Gwalior and many other Indians supported British.
- Lack of proper organization among the mutineers.
- The British had a common goal of protecting their empire and the Indian Sepoys did not have a definite aim.

51) [Q_ID:1320]. The main purposes of the multipurpose river valley projects are:(any six points)

- They provide water for irrigation.
- They help to generate hydro-electricity.
- They control floods.
- They prevent soil erosion.
- They help to develop inland fisheries.
- They provide inland navigation.
- They provide water for industries.
- They provide recreational facilities and water for domestic use.
- They also help afforestation.

52) [Q_ID:1564]. Erosion of the top most layer of the soil is called soil erosion.

The main reasons for soil erosion are:

- Destruction of forests.
- Over grazing
- Unscientific cultivation
- Over cultivation

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7. ಎಂಟು ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ./ Answer the following in eight sentences.

3X4

53) [Q_ID:261]. - Issues on land border

- Sharing of water
- Kashmir issue
- Pak treaties with other countries
- Border terrorism
- Minority problems in both countries
- Military agreements
- China-Pak friendship.

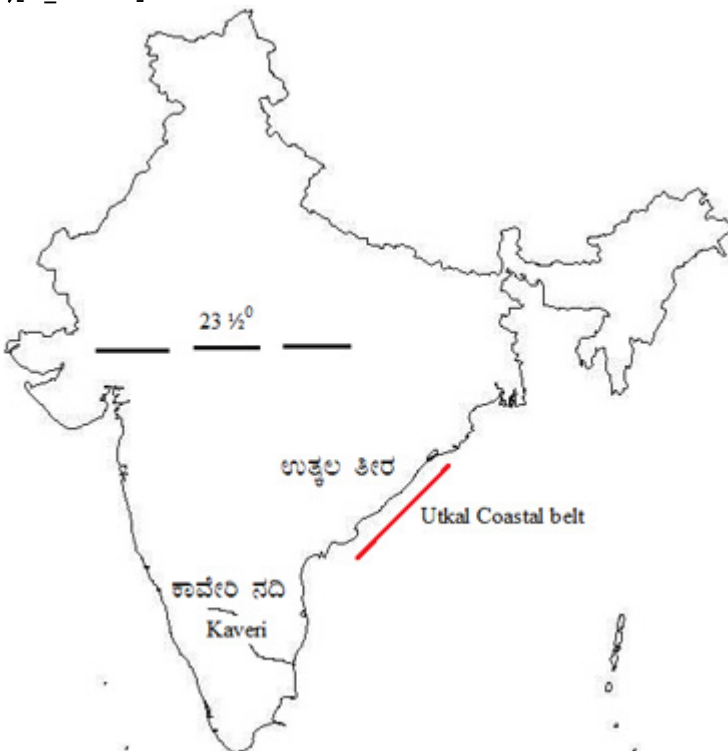
54) [Q_ID:682]. Has checked number of wars like.War between Iran and Soviet Russia.Arab's invasion on Israel in 1948.Korean problem.Suez Canal Crisis.Vietnam crisis.Freed Kuwait from Iraq's invasion. Congo problem solved.Indo - Pak war. Civil war in Greece.

55) [Q_ID:2226]. (Any eight):i) vagaries of monsoons ii) sub-division and fragmentation of land holdings iii) soil erosion iv) old and primitive methods of cultivation v) illiteracy and conservation of farmers vi) Land ownership problems vii)The problems of agriculture and labour viii) Defective agricultural marketing ix) rural indebtedness

8. ಭಾರತದ ಭೂಪಟ ಬರೆದು ಕೆಳದನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ./ Draw map of India and identify places.

1X4

56)[Q_ID:912]



****End of Answer Paper****