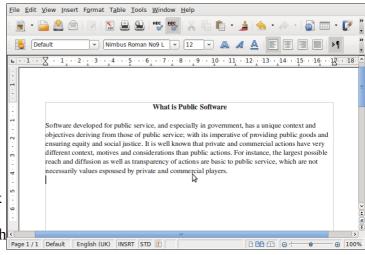
# Open Office

OpenOffice (same as LibreOffice) is a public software useful for making documents, spreadsheets and presentation files. OpenOffice Writer is very similar to MS Word. OpenOffice Calc is similar to Excel. OpenOffice Impress is like MS Powerpoint. OpenOffice works on both Windows and Ubuntu.

Using OpenOffice writer, you can type reports, documents, edit them, format them well and save them in many document formats - .odt, .html, .doc (.xls, .ppt), .docx (.xlsx, .pptx) etc. It also has an 'export to PDF' option for making PDF document with a single click.



Department of Information Technology, Government of India has recommended the ODF format used in OpenOffice/LibreOffice as the standard for documents used in government.

#### **Activity** 1

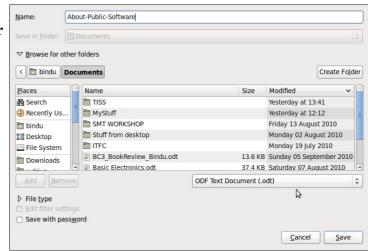
#### **Purpose**

To write a document using Open Office Writer

#### **Process**

- Select Application > Office > OpenOffice.org Word Processor
- 2. Type the following Passage into the Open Office Writer

# What is Public Software Software developed for public service, and especially in government, has a unique context and objectives deriving from those of public service; with its imperative of providing public goods and ensuring equity and social justice.



- 3. You can try the following option to format the text
  - 1. Bold the heading
  - 2. Make the heading centred
- 4. Select Menu Option **File** > **Save As** to save the file, name the file About-Public-Software
- 5. A file called *About-Public-Software.odt* will be created in your folder *Documents*.

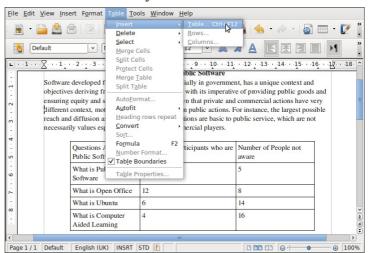
# **Activity** 2

#### **Purpose**

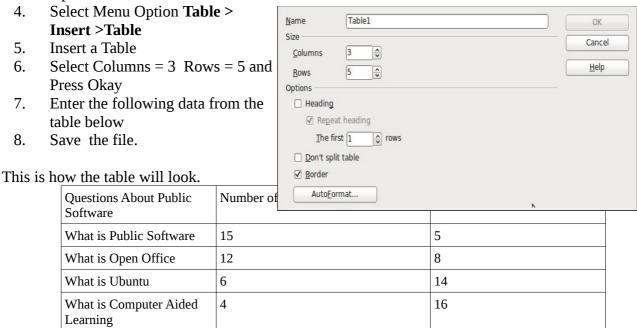
To create a table in Open Office Word Processor

#### **Process**

 Select Application > Office > OpenOffice.org Word Processor



- 2. Select Menu Option **File** > **Open** (Ctrl +O)
- 3. Open File About-Public Software.odt

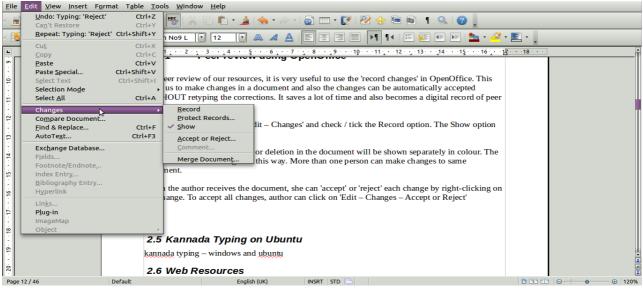


## **Peer review using OpenOffice**

For peer review of our resources, it is very useful to use the 'record changes' in OpenOffice. This helps us to make changes in a document and also the changes can be automatically accepted **WITHOUT** retyping the corrections. It saves a lot of time and also becomes a digital record of peer review.

To record changes, click on 'Edit – Changes' and check / tick the Record option. The Show option should also be checked/ticked

Now any correction or change or deletion in the document will be shown separately in colour. The

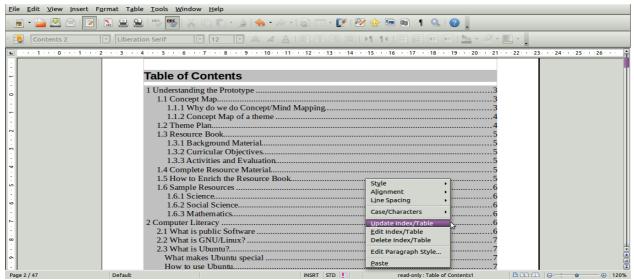


editor can make all changes in this way. More than one person can make changes to same document. The name of the editor will be shown when we move the cursor over the change. When the author receives the document, she can 'accept' or 'reject' each change by right-clicking on the change. To accept all changes, author can click on 'Edit – Changes – Accept or Reject' . See image below.

#### **Automatic Table of contents**

OpenOffice can help you create table of contents, with page numbers, automatically. To do this, select / mark a heading in your document and then select the 'Heading 1' in top left corner in the formatting tool bar (usually will be Text body or Default'). This will make that selected text, as a 'Heading 1'. You can use Heading 2 for the next sub heading, heading 3 for the next sub heading etc.

When finished, you can go to the beginning of the document and click 'Insert – Indexes and Tables -



Indexes and Tables' to insert a Table of Contents.

If you make any changes to the document headings, you can go to the Table of Contents created, right click and select 'Update Index/table'. See image above.

# Kannada Typing on Ubuntu

#### **Writing Kannada Documents**

- Please use <u>only</u> UNICODE font **Lohit Kannada.** It is already installed in Ubuntu, you have to install it in Windows.
- All nudi fonts are <u>not</u> unicode, and **UNICODE** is the international and universal open standard that is being used.

#### **Reading Kannada Documents**

• If you are not able to read Kannada documents, it is because the font is not installed, you will have to install the font, see the frequently asked questions link in the last section.

Operating System	Software	Font	Keyboard Mapping
Ubuntu	SCIM	<b>Unicode-</b> Lohit Kannada	Kn-kgp – Nudi kn-itrans – Baraha kn-Inscript-Kannada Keyboard
Windows	Nudi	ASCII - Nudi Unicode- Lohit Kannada, Tunga	Nudi

Please see the video 'Kannada typing using LibreOffice Writer' available in the Resources CD.

## Using SCIM as the Input method

The SCIM Input method is used to input different languages, most often Asian languages like Chinese, Japanese or Korean, but it can be used to input many other languages as well. SCIM needs to be triggered to be used with any application. The default trigger is CTRL and SPACE keys on the keyboard. A small tab will pop up at the bottom right corner of the screen. Click on the tab to choose Kannada. Kn-itrans method can be chosen if you need to use the transliteration key map (Baraha Style). Kn-kgp can be used to input method using the Kannada Ganaka parishat key-map (Nudi style).



Please note that only Arkavattu works a little different here ( Eg to type surya, we need to press sUrfy, instead of the usual sUyF).

# Setting up Kannada Language in OpenOffice.org, Ubuntu and Windows

#### **First**

- 1. Click on system  $\rightarrow$  administration  $\rightarrow$  Language support
- 2. Choose scim-immodule in the input method box.
- 3. Log off and login again to see the effects.

#### Next,

- 1. Open OpenOffice.org Word processor by clicking on Application → Office → OpenOffice.org Word processor
- 2. Click on Tools → Options → Language settings → Languages
- 3. Check **Enabled for Complex Text Layout(CTL)** and Choose Kannada in **Default languages for Documents (CTL)**
- 4. Click on OK

# Kannada Typing on Ubuntu in Kannada

\_ಉಬುಂಟು ವಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡ ಟೈಪ್ ಮಾಡುವ ವಿಧಾನ:

- ಕನ್ನಡ ಟೈಪ್ ಮಾಡಲು ಯೂನಿಕೋಡ್ ಫಾಂಟ್ ಗಳನ್ನೇ ಬಳಸಿರಿ, ಲೋಹಿತ್ ಕನ್ನಡ ಒಂದು ಯೂನಿಕೋಡ್ ಫಾಂಟ್. ಇದು ಉಬುಂಟು ವಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಈಗಾಗಲೇ ಪ್ರತಿಷ್ಠಾಪಿಸಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.
- ಎಲಾ ಸುಡಿ ಫಾಂಟ್ ಗಳು ಯೂನಿಕೋಡ್ ಫಾಂಟ್ ಗಳಲ್ಲ.

ಓಪನ್ ಆಫೀಸ್ ನಲ್ಲಿ ಕನ್ನಡಭಾಷೆಯನ್ನು ಅಣಿಗೊಳಿಸುವ ವಿಧಾನ:

ಈ ಮುಂದೆ ಸೂಚಿಸುವಂತೆ ಕ್ಲಿಕ್ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಹೋಗಿರಿ.

System > Administration > Language support.

- Input method ಬಾಕ್ಸ್ ನಲ್ಲಿ Scim-immodule ನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರಿ.
- ಲಾಗ್ ಆಫ್ ಮಾಡಿ ಮತ್ತೆ ಲಾಗ್ ಇನ್ ಆಗಿರಿ.
- Application > Office > Open office.org ಮೂಲಕ Open office.org Word ಅಥವಾ Writer ಪುಟವನ್ನು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರಿ.
- ನಂತರ Tools > options > Language setting ಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಅದರ ಎಡಭಾಗದ ಬಾಕ್ಸ್ ನಲ್ಲಿರುವ + ಅಥವಾ > ನ್ನು ಒತ್ತಿರಿ, ಒತ್ತಿದೊಡನೆ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಗೋಚರಿಸುವLanguages ನ್ನು ಕ್ಲಿಕ್ಕೆಸಿ.
- ನಂತರ ಬಲಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಗೋಚರಿಸುವ Enhanced Language support ನ ಕೆಳಕಾಣಿಸುವ Enabled for Complex Text Layout ನ್ನು ಟಿಕ್ ಮಾಡಿ, ನಂತರ ಮೇಲೆ ಕಾಣುವ CTL ನ ಎದುರಿರುವ ಜಾಗದ Default language ಜಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ kannada ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರಿ. OK ಮಾಡಿರಿ.
- Open office.org Word ಅಥವಾ Writer ಪುಟಕ್ಕೆ ವಾಪಾಸು ಬನ್ನಿರಿ. Ctrl + Space bar ಕೀ ಒತ್ತಿದಾಗ ್ರೀನ್ ನ ಬಲತುದಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮೇಲೇಳುವ ಭಾಷೆಗಳ ಪಟ್ಟಿಯಲ್ಲಿ kannada ಕ್ಕೆ ಹೋಗಿ Kn-Kgp ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಮಾಡಿರಿ. ಆಗ ಕನ್ನಡ ಟೈಪ್ ಮಾಡಲು ಸಾಧವಾಗುವುದು. ಅದೇ ಪುಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತೆCtrl + Space bar ಕೀ ಒತ್ತಿದಾಗEnglish ಟೈಪ್ ಮಾಡಬಹುದು. Ctrl + Space bar ಕೀ ಯನ್ನು ಇಚ್ಚಿತ ಭಾಷೆ ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಹೊಯ್ದಾಟದ ಕೀ ಯಂತೆ ಬಳಸಿರಿ. ಕನ್ನಡ ಟೈಪ್ ಮಾಡಲು ಅಗತ್ನವಾದ ಕೀಲಿ ಮಣೆ ವಿನ್ಯಾಸ.

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